IN THE HIGH COURT OF GUJARAT AT AHMEDABAD

R/CRIMINAL MISC.APPLICATION NO. 7470 of 2019

ALPESHBHAI RAVJIBHAI MORADIYA

Versus STATE OF GUJARAT

Appearance:

MR VIRAT G POPAT(3710) for the Applicant(s) No. 1 B P PATEL(7510) for the Respondent(s) No. 1 DHARITRI PANCHOLI(7502) for the Respondent(s) No. 1 MRS NISHA THAKORE, APP for the Respondent(s) No. 1

CORAM: HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE A.Y. KOGJE Date: 30/09/2019 ORAL ORDER

- 1. This application is filed by the applicant under Section 438 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 for anticipatory bail in the event of his arrest in connection with FIR registered on 28.03.2019 for the offence which is alleged to have taken place on 10.01.2016 in connection with C.R. No.I-62/2019 with Bor Talav Police Station for the offence punishable under Sections 376(2)(k), 376(2)(n), 323, 328, 427, 504, 506(2) of the Indian Penal Code and Section 135 of GP Act.
- 2. Learned Advocate appearing on behalf of the applicant would submit that considering the nature of offence, the applicant may be enlarged on anticipatory bail by imposing suitable conditions.
- 3. On the other hand, the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondent-State has opposed this application and granting

anticipatory bail to the applicant looking to the nature and gravity of the offence.

4. I have heard the learned advocates appearing for the respective parties, perused the investigation papers and have also taken into consideration the facts of the case, nature of allegations, role attributed to the applicant-Without discussing the evidence accused. detail, at this stage, I am inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the applicant. This Court has also taken into consideration the law laid down by the Hon'ble Apex Court in the case of Siddharam Satlingappa Mhetre vs. Maharashtra and Others, reported at [2011] 1 SCC wherein the Hon'ble Apex Court reiterated the law laid down the by Constitutional Bench in the case of Shri Gurubaksh Singh Sibbia and others, reported at (1980) 2 SCC 665.

Following aspects are also considered:-

- (I) The FIR was registered on 28.03.2019 for the offence which is alleged to have took place on 10.01.2016
- (II) Submission of learned advocate for the applicant that even from the FIR the allegations date back to 2010 whereas the FIR is registered only in th month of March 2019.
- (III) Submission of learned advocate that the applicant and the prosecutrix were in the same company and another Mr. Bhavdeep Dave who is the Director of company, had filed the previous

complaint for cheating against the applicant whereas Supreme Court had granted Anticipatory bail to the applicant and thereafter the present allegations seem to have been leveled and from the investigation case papers the allegations with regards to blackmailing using vedio cliping is not substantiated.

- (IV)Learned Additional Public Prosecutor under the instructions of the Investigating Officer is unable to bring on record any special circumstances against the applicant.
- 5. Learned Advocate for the applicant on instructions states that the applicant is ready and willing to abide by all the conditions, including imposition of conditions with regard to the powers of Investigating Agency to file an application before the competent court for his remand. He would further submit that upon filing of such application by the Investigating Agency, the right of the applicant-accused to oppose such application on merits may be kept open.
- 6. In the result, the present application is allowed by directing that in the event of arrest of the applicant herein in connection with FIR registered as C.R. No.I-62/2019 with Bor Talav Police Station the applicant shall be released on bail on his furnishing a personal bond of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees ten thousands only) with one surety of the like amount on the following conditions that he:
 - (a) shall cooperate with the investigation and

be available for interrogation whenever required;

- (b) shall remain present at the concerned Police Station on 3^{rd} October 2019 between 11.00 AM and 02.00 PM;
- (c) shall not directly or indirectly make any inducement, threat or promise to any person acquainted with the fact of the case so as to dissuade him from disclosing such facts to the court or to any police officer;
- (d) shall not obstruct or hamper the police investigation and shall not to play mischief with the evidence collected or yet to be collected by the police;
- (e) shall, at the time of execution of bond, furnish the address to the investigating officer and the court concerned and shall not change his residence till the final disposal of the case till further orders without the permission of Trial Court;
- (f) To mark presence once in fifteen days before the concerned Police Station till filing of the charge-sheet
- (g) shall not leave India without the permission of the Trial Court and if having passport, shall deposit the same before the Trial Court within a week; and
- (h) it would be open to the Investigating Officer to file an application for remand if he considers it proper and just and the learned Magistrate would decide the same on merits;

7. Despite this order, it would be open for the Investigating Agency to apply to the competent Magistrate, for Police remand of the applicant. The applicant shall remain present before the learned Magistrate on the first date of hearing such application and on all subsequent of occasions, as may be directed by the learned Magistrate. This would be sufficient to treat accused in the judicial custody for the of entertaining application of purpose the prosecution for police remand. This is, however, without prejudice to the right of the accused to stay against an order of remand, ultimately, granted, and the power of the learned Magistrate to consider such a request in accordance with law. It is clarified that the if, remanded applicant, even to the custody, upon completion of such period Police remand, shall be set free immediately, subject to other conditions of this anticipatory bail order.

- 8.At the trial, the Trial Court shall not be influenced by the prima facie observations made by this Court while enlarging the applicant on bail.
- 9. The application is allowed accordingly. Rule is made absolute in the aforesaid terms. Direct service is permitted.

(A.Y. KOGJE, J)

Radhika