C/SCA/2758/2013 JUDGMENT

# IN THE HIGH COURT OF GUJARAT AT AHMEDABAD SPECIAL CIVIL APPLICATION NO. 2758 of 2013

### FOR APPROVAL AND SIGNATURE:

### HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE A.J.DESAI

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- 1 Whether Reporters of Local Papers may be allowed to see the judgment?
- 2 To be referred to the Reporter or not?
- Whether their Lordships wish to see the fair copy of the judgment?
- Whether this case involves a substantial question of law as to the interpretation of the Constitution of India, 1950 or any order made thereunder?
- 5 Whether it is to be circulated to the civil judge?

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## PANGLABHAI KHODO MALABHAI SANGADA....Petitioner(s) Versus

POLICE COMMISSIONER & 2....Respondent(s)

#### Appearance:

MR KAMLESH KACHHAVAH, ADVOCATE for the Petitioner MS AMITA SHAH AGP for the Respondents

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### CORAM: **HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE A.J.DESAI**Date: 30/04/2013

### **ORAL JUDGMENT**

This petition is directed against the order of detention dated 13.2.2013 passed by respondent No.1- Police Commissioner, Ahmedabad City, in exercise of powers conferred under Section 3(1) of the Gujarat Prevention of Anti Social Activities Act, 1985 (in short "the PASA Act") by detaining the detenu as a "bootlegger" as

C/SCA/2758/2013 JUDGMENT

defined under Section 2(b) of the Act. Along with the order of detention, the detenu is also served with the grounds of detention. In the grounds of detention, there is a reference to one criminal case registered against the detenue before the Chaklasee Police Station being Prohibition CR No.5276 of 2012. The case is registered under the provisions of the Bombay Prohibition Act.

- 2 Mr. Kamlesh Kachhavah, learned advocate for the detenu submits that registration of FIR itself cannot lead to disturbance of even tempo of public life and therefore the public order. The order of detention is assailed by the detenu on various grounds mentioned in the memo of the petition. However, learned counsel for the detenu submits that, except FIR registered under the Bombay Prohibition Act, there was no other material before the detaining authority whereby it could be inferred reasonably that the detenu is a 'bootlegger' within the meaning of Section 2(b) of the Act and required to be detained as the detenu's activities are prejudicial to the maintenance of public health and public order. In support of the above submission, learned counsel for the detenu has placed reliance on judgment of the Apex Court in the case of Piyush Kantilal Mehta vs. Commissioner of police, AIR 1989 **Supreme Court 491** and the recent judgment dated 28.3.2011 passed by the Division Bench of this Court [Coram: S.J. Mukhopadhaya C.J. & J.B. Pardiwala, J].] in Letters Patent Appeal No2732 of 2010 in Special Civil Application No.9492 of 2010 (Aartiben vs. Commissioner of Police) which would squarely help the detenu.
- Ms. Amita Shah, learned Assistant Government Pleader submitted that registration of FIR would go to show that the detenu had, in fact, indulged into such activities, which can be said to be disturbing the public health and public order and in view of sufficient material before the detaining authority to pass the order

C/SCA/2758/2013 JUDGMENT

of detention, no interference is called for by this Court in exercise of its power under Article 226 of the Constitution of India.

- 4 Having heard the rival submissions of the parties and perused the record of the case, I am of the view that FIR registered under the Bombay Prohibition Act alone cannot be said to be sufficient enough to arrive at subjective satisfaction to the effect that the activities, as alleged, are prejudicial to the public order or lead to disturbance of public order. There has to be nexus and link for such activities with disturbance of the public order. On careful perusal of the material available on record and the ratio laid down by the Apex Court in the case of **Piyush Kantilal Mehta** (supra) and the recent judgment dated 28.3.2011 passed by the Division Bench of this Court [Coram: S.J. Mukhopadhaya C.J. & J.B. Pardiwala, [].] in Letters Patent Appeal No2732 of 2010 in Special Civil Application No.9492 of 2010 (Aartiben vs. **Commissioner of Police**), I am of the view that the activities of the detenu cannot be said to be in any manner prejudicial to the public order and therefore, the order of detention passed by the detaining authority cannot be sustained and is required to be quashed and set aside.
- In the result, this Special Civil Application is allowed. The order of detention dated 13.2.2013 passed by respondent No. 1 Police Commissioner, Ahmedabad, is hereby quashed and set aside. The detenu is ordered to be set at liberty forthwith if the detenu is not required in connection with any other case. Rule is made absolute to the aforesaid extent. Direct service is permitted.

(A.J.DESAI, J.)

pnnair