

Case No. WP (c) No.07/2010

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		HON'BLE THE CHIEF JUSTICE MR. JUSTICE BARIN GHOSH HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE S. P.WANGDI, JUDGE
17 TO TO	06.10 sh,CJ)	Present: Mr. A. Moulik, Sr. Advocate with Mr. Sudesh Joshi and Ms. Manita Pradhan, Advocates for the petitioner. Mr. A. K. Upadhyaya, Sr. Advocate with Mr. Dhurba Tewari, Advocate and Mr. Thupden G. Bhutia, Advocates for the respondent nos.
		1 to 3. Mr. Bhaskar Raj Pradhan, Sr. Advocate with Ms. Yangchen D. Gyatso, Advocate for the Respondent no.4.
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		Since facts and law applicable are identical to all
		these writ petitions and since same set of lawyers are
		appearing in these writ petitions, we have, with consent
		of parties, heard the writ petitions together.
		2. Brief facts of the case are that writ petitioners were
		admitted by respondent Medical College to pursue
		medical course. The admission, which was taken by the
		THE SECONDARION
		petitioners, was open up to 31st October, 2008.
		Petitioners, however, took admission on different dates
		before 31st October, 2008. On 8th December, 2008
		Medical Council of India, hereinafter referred to as MC
		informed respondent college that, in as much as each o
		the petitioners has received less than 50% marks in the
	0	entrance examination, they were not entitled to be
	h	admitted to pursue medical course, and, accordingly



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		their admissions should be cancelled. The fact that each
		of the petitioners obtained less than 50% marks in the
8		entrance examination could not be denied by respondent
		college, in as much as respondent college itself
		conducted the entrance examination. Respondent
		college, however, instead of acting on the basis of
		directions of MCI contained in its letter dated 8th
		December, 2008 purported to indulge itself in
		correspondence with MCI, and thereby sought to justify
		admissions of petitioners. Respondent college contended
		in such correspondence that each of the petitioners, in
		fact, obtained more than 50% marks in the entrance
		examination, but in view of negative marking, their
		ultimate score stood below 50% in the entrance
		examination. On that purported contention, the matter
		was kept pending by respondent college. In such
		correspondence, respondent college made it absolutely
		clear that in the prospectus issued the terms, conditions
		and other parameters of the entrance examination were
		mentioned, where it had been indicated that there shall
		be negative marking for the purpose of ascertaining the
	1	ultimate marks obtained. When respondent college failed
		to persuade MCI to take a different view, than taken by
		it, as contained in its letter dated 8th December, 2008,
		respondent college on 23rd September, 2008 cancelled
	183	admissions of petitioners. In the meantime, respondent



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		college accepted from petitioners admission fees and fees
		for the first year, as well as fees for the second year.
		Cancellation of admissions of petitioners by respondent
		college is the subject matter of challenge in these writ
		petitions.
		3. Learned counsel appearing in support of writ
		petitions drew our attention to Regulation 5(i) of the
		Regulations on Graduate Medical Education, 1997, and
		submitted that, in terms thereof, in as much as there is
		one medical college in the State, admissions in the
		medical college concerned are to be given on the basis of
		marks obtained at the qualifying examination, i.e. at the
		Higher Secondary Examination. We do not accept such
		contention. Clause 1 of Regulation 5 of the said
		Regulations has no application in so far as this State is
		concerned, in as much as, in this State though there is
		only one medical college, but not one University or Board
		or Examining Body conducting qualifying examination.
		Therefore, admission on the basis of marks obtained in
		qualifying examination, as is the mandate of the said
		clause, is not available in the State.
		4. We think clause 2 of Regulation (5) of the said
		Regulations is applicable in this State, where it has been
		mandated that a competitive examination should be
	1	held, when in the State there are more than one
	B	University or Board or Examining Body conducting the



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		qualifying examination. However, clause 2 does not mandate that admission in medical colleges would be on
		the basis of marks obtained in such competitive
		examination, although Regulation 5 makes it clear that
		admission in medical college shall be based solely on
		merit of the candidate. This is, however, subject to
		Clause 5 of Regulation 5 of the said Regulations, which
		mandates that merit shall be considered only when a
		candidate has obtained at least 50% marks in the
		qualifying examination in Physics, Chemistry and Biology
		taken together. Petitioners, having not obtained 50%
		marks in Physics, Chemistry and Biology taken together
		in the qualifying examination, could not be admitted by
		respondent college. Such admission is contrary to law
		governing the field.
		5. Learned Counsel for petitioners submitted that
		petitioners were not informed by respondent college what
		marks they obtained in the qualifying examination.
		Learned Counsel submitted that at the invitation of
		respondent college, after the competitive examination
		was held, petitioners took admission after paying
		appropriate fees. It was submitted that in such
		circumstances petitioners cannot be made victims of
		circumstances. It does not appear from records that
	1	petitioners were informed as to what marks they
	130	obtained at the entrance examination. It is also true that



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		respondent college held out to petitioners that they are entitled to be admitted and offered admission upon
9		payment of fees, and, such offer of admission was
		accepted by petitioners by tendering and depositing
		appropriate fees. However, an action contrary to law
		cannot be upheld because beneficiaries of such action
		were not aware that the action is contrary to law.
		Circumstances narrated above, however, exposes
		respondent college to the obligation of not only refunding
		whatever fees it has received from petitioners, but also
		gives right in equity to petitioners to take such recourse
		to law for recovery of such compensation as they may
		seem fit and proper.
		6. Respondent college has, after taking several
		adjournments, filed a counter and thereby sought to
		bring on record what marks petitioners obtained for
		giving positive answers and how much of them were lost
		for giving negative answers. The fact however remains
		that negative marking was not held out in the prospectus
		to be the yardstick to be used to asses merit only. In
		terms of the Regulations referred to above, it is
		mandatory for the person to be admitted to secure 50%
		marks in Physics, Chemistry and Biology taken together.
		It was held out in the prospectus that marks obtained
	1	will be adjudged after adjudging negative markings.
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		7. Learned counsel for petitioners lastly submitted
		that one of the petitioners, namely, Takhelmayum Sayon
*		Singh, who is the petitioner in writ petition no. 6 of 2010,
		is, in fact, a member of OBC community and that he has
		an OBC certificate issued by the appropriate authority of
		Manipur State. It was contended that this certificate was
		issued much before selection process for admissions in
		question started. It is, however, not disputed that the
		said petitioner at the time of applying or even at the time
		of seeking admission did not hold out to respondent
		college that he belongs to a reserved category. It is now
		too late, according to us, to rely upon the said
		categorisation. Further more, it is a question of fact
		whether the said petitioner, who is a declared member of
		OBC category in the State of Manipur, can also be
		treated as a declared member of OBC category in the
		State of Sikkim. In the circumstances, in respect of the
		said petitioner too, we cannot do anything in as much as
		the said petitioner all throughout represented that he
		belongs to open category, and, as such, 50% bench mark
		was applicable to him and not 40%, as was sought to be
		argued before us.
		8. Admissions of petitioners, which ought not to have
		had been given in the facts and circumstances of the
	1	case and which ought to have had been cancelled on 8th
	De	December, 2008 or immediately thereafter, remained in
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		tact until 23rd November, 2009 at the instance of the
		respondent college. Subsequent thereto, the same is
4		continuing in view of various interim orders passed by
		this Court on these writ petitions and on the earlier joint
		writ petition. Therefore, it seems there is no equity in
		favour of petitioners.
		9. It was not urged before us and on our enquiry we
		found from the learned Counsel for MCI that even MCI
		has no power to condone non-receipt of the bench mark
		for admission.
		10. In the circumstances, we have nothing further to
		do in the writ petitions. They are dismissed without any
		order as to costs, with liberty to petitioners to seek
		refund of fees paid by them to respondent College with
		8% interest thereon from the date of payments until
		refund thereof, with a direction upon respondent College
		to refund the same together with such interest no
		sooner demand for refund is made. We also grant liberty
		to petitioners to take such recourse to law as they may
		be advised for recovery of compensation, if any, from
		respondent college.
		11. Having regard to the fact that petitioners have
		completed almost two years of study in the medical
		college, we grant certificate to petitioners under Article
	1	134A of the Constitution of India as many courts have
	Marie	allowed persons similarly circumscribed as that of
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		petitioners to complete the course and for that matter stay operation of this judgment and order for a period of
		Judge Chief Justice 11.06.2010
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