

Serial No. of Order	Date of Order	Order with Signature	Office Note as to action (if any) taken on Order
7.	26.5.08	Present: Mr. Ashis Sinha and Mr. Laxuman Gurung, Advocates for the Appellant.	
		Mr. A.K. Upadhyaya, Sr. Advocate with Mr. Ashim Chhetri, Advocate for the Respondents.	

		This is an appeal by the constituent of a	
		bank who as plaintiff has failed to obtain a	
		decree in the lower Court. The learned District	
		Judge, East & North, Dr. S.W. Lepcha has	
		dismissed the plaintiff's suit.	
	1	The facts are given in the said judgment	
		but today this Court has to examine under	
		Order XLI Rule 11 of the CPC whether it would	
		be at all just to admit the appeal, i.e. whether it	6
		has any resemblance of success ultimately; this	
		is especially necessary because the banker, as	
		defendant, will be spending public money for	
		the costs of the appeal if it is admitted.	
		The Order XLI Rule 11 procedure is not a	
		mechanical one. For the purpose of saving	
		Court's time and for summarily disposing of	
		appeals, which lie as a matter of right, but do	
		not appear to be meritorious in any manner on	
		facts or in law, the summary jurisdiction is	
		exercised as a valuable tool in the hands of the	



Serial Date No of of Order Order

Order with Signature

Office Nate as to action (if any) taken on Order

Court of Appeal. Of course, in some such cases as internal appeals within the High Court in some Letters Patent appeals, this practice of admission is not followed, but that is not material here.

Very briefly put, it appears that a fixed deposit made by the plaintiff with the defendant bank in 1994 matured in the year 1996. The plaintiff had also a cash credit account with the bank which was running in debit. One interesting fact about the plaintiff, although not very necessary for this suit, is that he had obtained as large a sum of money as Rs.5 crore as a loan from the State of Sikkim, and the said loan was interest free. The first defendant herein had guaranteed the said loan and the transactions started. This suit is only the tip of the iceberg, or may be just a small chip of ice from the tip.

Be that as it may, some 3 years after the date of maturity of the FDR in 1996, i.e. sometime in the year 1999, the bank appropriated from the FDR amount moneys towards pro tanto satisfaction of their dues from the plaintiff in the running cash credit amount. The FDR receipt continued to remain with the plaintiff.



Order Order

The plaintiff raised the objection that such appropriation could not be made after the running out of the period of limitation of 3 years from the date of maturity of the fixed deposit amount.

It is well known, and the learned Judge of the lower Court also held, that the period of limitation is not to be used for purposes other than that for which it is enacted. The law of limitation is for barring of remedy and for keeping prospective plaintiffs diligent. The right of getting money from a debtor, which resides in the creditor, is not extinguished after the period of limitation. The period of limitation has nothing to do with the existence of such right; it only bars the legal process.

In the instant case, the bank did not have to file a suit but it took money from out of moneys it already had, which would have been payable to the plaintiff, had he been free from all debts.

These facts are not such that the Court should enter into any more discussion on bankers' lien or laws of contract or such like;



			Office Note as to
No, of Order	of Order	Order with Signature	action (if any) taken on Order
		the issue is too simple and too much in favour of the bank for the Court to admit this appeal. The appeal is not admitted and it is dismissed in limine.	Treel Court records, order & seem forward or 31-3-65
		(A.N. Ray, CJ)	



HIGH COURT OF SIKKIM GANGTOK

DECREE IN APPEAL ((Under Order 41 Rule 35 of C.P.C.)

The Regular First Appeal No.3 of 2007 against the Judgment dated 19.3.2007 passed by the Ld. District Judge (East & North) at Gangtok in Money Suit No.21 of 2005.

M/S. Himal Laboratorics Pvt. Ltd., Majitar, Rangpo, East Sikkim

...Appellant.

- Versus -

- The Senior Manager, United Commercial Back, Gangtok Branch,
 P.S. Road, Gangtok, East Sikkim.
- United Commercial Bank
 Represented by the General
 Manager, having its Head Office at
 10-Brabourne Road, Calcutta 700001.

...Respondents.

This Appeal coming up for hearing on 26th day of May, 2008 before Hon'ble Shri Justice Ajoy Nath Ray, Chief Justice and Hon'ble Justice A.P. Subba, Judge of this Court in presence of Mr. Ashis Sinha and Mr. Laxuman Gurung, Advocates for the Appellant and Mr. A.K. Upadhyaya, Sr.Advocate with Mr. Ashim Chhetri, Advocate for the Respondents.

On hearing arguments the Hon'ble Court has dismissed the appeal in limine.

Lamos



Cost of Appeal

Appellant	Amount		Respondent	Amount
1.Stamp for Memo of Appeal	Rs.	2.00		
2.Stamp for power	Rs.	2.00	Stamp for power	Rs.2.00
3.Stamp for petitioner	233132			
4.Court fee	Rs.19,352.00			
5. Pleader's fee	27555			
6. Service of Process	31231			
7. Misc.	6-3 m to 2		Misc.	
	Rs.	19,356.00		Rs.2.00
				-

Given under my hand and seal of the Court on 26th day of May, 2008 at Gangtok.

Prepared by

Joint Registrar-cum-Reader

High Court of Sikkim

Gangtok.

Registrar General I/C High Court of Sikkim Gangtok