

e 5,100l

WRIT PETITION .NO. 1944 / 2004

Gyan Chand Luniya S/o Shri Ganesh Mal Luniya, Aged about 46 years, Resident of, Dalli Rajhara

Balod, Dist : Durg-(C.G.)

PETITIONER

Versus

- State of Chhattisgarh
 Through the Secretary
 Department of Forest
 D.K.S. Bhawan,
 Raipur-(C.G.)
- The Collector, Through the Mining Department Kanker
- The Divisional Forest Officer,
 East Bhanupratapur Forest,
 District North Bastar, Kanker(C.G.)
- The Deputy Ranger Bhanupratapur Dist: Kanker

Presented by Strict Str

RESPONDENTS

WRIT PETITION UNDER ARTICLE 226 & 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

PARTICULARS OF THE PETITIONER

As per cause title.

PARTICULARS OF THE RESPONDENTS

As per cause title.



मामला क्रमांक सन् 200 विरुद्ध			
	30.07.2004		
	Shri R.S. Jaiswal, counsel for the petitioners.		
	Shri Sumesh Bajaj, Deputy Government Advocate for		
	the State/ respondents.		
	S.D.O. (Forest) is present in Court.		
	This order shall also govern the disposal of Writ Petition		
	Nos. 1945/2004, 1946/2004, 1947/2004, 2104/2004 &		
	2105/2004, as the question involved in these petitions is also		
	similar.		
	The petitioners have preferred these petitions under		
	Article 226/227 of the Constitution of India being aggrieved		
	by the order-dated 21.05.2004 (Annexure P-11) passed by		
	respondent No.3-Divisional Forest Officer rejecting the		
	applications of the petitioners for release of vehicles on		
	Suprudnama.		
	I have heard the learned counsel for the parties.		
	Learned counsel for the petitioners submitted that on		

Learned counsel for the petitioners submitted that on 22.04.2004 the petitioners' trucks bearing registration Nos. CG-07-ZC-2056, CG-11-ZB-0141, CG07-C-2070, CG07-C-2069, CG07-ZC-2050 & CG07-ZC-4335 carrying iron ore mineral extracted from the valid mining lease of one Anil Lunia granted by the State Government in the year 2002, were seized illegally by respondent Nos. 2 & 3 on a false ground of illegal mining. He further submitted that the

翻译指表示

उच्च न्यायालय, छत्तीसगढ़, बिलासपुर



आदेश पत्रक

मामला क्रमांक	सन् 20	0
विर	हदध	************

आदेश का दिनांक आदेश क्रमांक सहित जोदेश के अत्तिम आदेश के अत्तिम आ

Advocate argued that the iron ore, which the trucks in question were carrying, was extracted from the forest area not from the valid mining lease of Anil Lunia. As far as the payment of road tax is concerned, same was paid by the petitioner in collusion with some officials of the forest department and on coming to know that some officials of the department had received the road tax in collusion with the petitioner, departmental action has been initiated against them and road tax paid by the petitioner was ordered to be refunded. He further submitted that the route on which the trucks in question were seized is not a notified route and particularly for trucks in question no road tax have been paid by the petitioner. Therefore he submitted that since offence pertains to forest produce and as per the Hon'ble Apex Court a strict view must be taken in this regard. He further submitted that confiscation proceeding is in progress and in another three months time that will be completed.

I have perused the impugned order dated 21.05.2004.

In the order passed by the Divisional Forest Officer (Annexure P-11) it has been mentioned that as per the

आदेश का

उच्च न्यायालय, छत्तीसगढ़, बिलासपुर



कार्यालयीन मामलों में डिप्टी रजिस्ट्रार

के अन्तिम आदेश

आदेश पत्रक

आदेश हस्ताक्षर सहित

सन् मामला क्रमांक विरुद्ध

दिनांक आदेश क्रमांक सहित provisions of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 and guidelines issued by the Government, there is no provision for releasing the vehicle and property on Supurdginama, therefore, the application filed by the petitioner is dismissed.

> Section 53 of the Act, which deals with the release of property seized under Section 52 of the Act envisages that "any forest officer of a rank not inferior to that of a Ranger who, or whose subordinate, has seized any tools, boats, vehicle or cattle under Section 52, may release the same on the execution by the owner thereof a bond for the production of the property so released, if and when so required, before the Magistrate having jurisdiction to try the offence on account of which the seizure has been made".

> Learned counsel for the petitioners submits that in place of the word 'carts' the word 'vehicle' has been inserted by the Act No.9 of 65, therefore, the order of forest officer on the face of it appears to be illegal and the petitioner is entitled for release of the vehicles on the conditions mentioned in the above clause.

As learned Deputy Government Advocate submitted that the confiscation proceeding is likely to take three months time, therefore for such a long period if the vehicles in question are allowed to remain in open area, it will cause damages to the vehicles and it may become junk. In such a



आदेश पत्रक

मामला क्रमांक सन् ²⁰⁰ विरुद्ध

आदेश का तिनांक आदेश हस्ताक्षर सहित कार्यालयीन मामलों में डिप्टी रिजस्ट्रार के अन्तिम आदेश के अन्तिम आदेश के अन्तिम आदेश situation, I am of the opinion that it will be just and proper to release the vehicles in question on furnishing Suprudnama for each vehicle on following terms and conditions:-

- The petitioner shall furnish a bank guarantee to the tune of Rs.2 Lac before the Divisional Forest Officer, East Bhanupratapur Forest, District North Bastar, Kanker (C.G) within a period of two weeks from today.
- The petitioner will not transfer or alienate the said vehicles to the third party in any manner during the pendency of the confiscation proceedings.
- The petitioner will produce the vehicles in question before the Divisional Forest Officer as and when required.

With the aforesaid observation and directions, the petition stands disposed of.

Certified copy as per Rules.

Sd/-L.C. Bhadoo ^{Judge}

Roshan

[पीछे देखिये